

1. [16 = 4+4+4+4] Evaluate each integral.

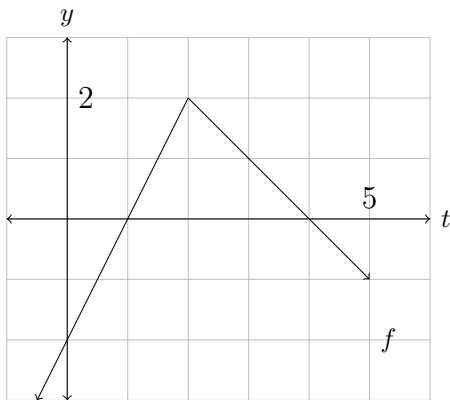
(a) $\int_0^1 (12x - 10)e^{3x^2 - 5x} dx$

(b) $\int x \sec^2 x dx$

(c) $\int \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{x}} dx$

(d) $\int \frac{2x^4 - 3x + 12}{x^3 - x^2} dx$

2. [2] The graph of f is given below. Find $\int_0^5 f(x) dx$.



3. [4] Solve the differential equation $e^{-x^2} y' = \frac{x}{y}$ with initial condition $y(0) = -3$.

4. [5] Centax is a special wax centaurs use on their manes as a sort of armor. The Centaur army has been called to war, and as such, the price of Centax is increasing at a rate proportional to the product of price and time. The price of Centax, $P(t)$, starts off at \$40 per pound of wax, but it is expected to double and reach a price of \$80 in just 2 days.

- (a) Clearly write the differential equation representing this problem as well as the initial conditions.
 (b) Find the function $P(t)$ for the price of Centax after t days (in its most simplified form).
 (c) How high will the price be after 4 days?

5. [2] Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln |\cos(x)|}{\sin x}$ or explain why it does not exist.

6. [2] Find the general term of the sequence $\left\{ \frac{4}{5}, \frac{9}{8}, \frac{16}{11}, \frac{25}{14}, \frac{36}{17}, \dots \right\}$.

7. [1] If $a_n > 0$ and $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 8$, does the sequence $b_n = (-1)^n a_n$ converge or diverge? Briefly explain your answer.

8. [3=2+1] For each sequence, find the limit or explain why it diverges.

(a) $a_n = \frac{3n(n+1)!}{(n+2)!}$

(b) $a_n = (-1)^n + 6$

9. [9=5+4] Evaluate each improper integral.

(a) $\int_e^\infty \frac{\ln x}{x^2} dx$

(b) $\int_2^4 \frac{6x}{x^2 - 4} dx$

10. [13=4+3+3+3] Determine the convergence or divergence of the following series. Mention any test you use. In the case of a convergent geometric or telescoping series, find the sum.

(a) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^2 + 8n + 15}$

(b) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{5^n}{(2n)!}$

(c) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3 + \sqrt{n}}{n^2}$

(d) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{5^{n-1}}{2^{3n+1}}$

11. [4] Johnny Ontario wants to save money to buy a self-driving electric car. He predicts that 10 years from now, the car will cost \$20,000. To reach his goal, how much should he invest monthly if the annual interest rate is 3% compounded monthly?

12. [1] Let $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ be a series and let S_n be its sequence of partial sums where $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} S_n = 7$. Find $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n$.

(TOTAL = 62 MARKS)

ANSWERS

1. (a) $\frac{2}{e^2} - 2$
(b) $x \tan x + \ln|\cos x| + C$
(c) $2\sqrt{x} - 2 \ln(1 + \sqrt{x}) + C$
(d) $-9 \ln|x| + x^2 + 2x + \frac{12}{x} + 11 \ln|x - 1| + C$
2. $\frac{3}{2}$
3. $y = -\sqrt{e^{(x^2)} + 8}$
4. (a) $\frac{dP}{dt} = kPt$, $P(0) = 40$, $P(2) = 80$.
(b) $P(t) = 40 \cdot 2^{t^2/4}$
(c) \$640
5. 0
6. $a_n = \frac{(n+1)^2}{3n+2}$
7. $\lim a_n \neq 0$ so $\lim b_n$ does not exist (oscillating).
8. (a) 3
(b) Does not exist (oscillating).
9. (a) Divergent ($+\infty$)
(b) $\frac{2}{e}$
10. (a) Convergent (p-series).
(b) Converges to $\frac{7}{12}$ (telescoping).
(c) Converges to $\frac{4}{15}$ (geometric).
(d) Convergent (ratio test).
11. \$142.76
12. 0